

Pt. 63, Subpt. GGG, Table 2

40 CFR Ch. I (7–1–14 Edition)

General provisions reference	Summary of requirements	Applies to sub-part GGG	Comments
63.10(c)(12)–(14)	Additional recordkeeping requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems.	Yes.	Subpart GGG does not include any opacity or visible emission standards.
63.10(c)(15)	Additional SSM recordkeeping requirements.	No.	
63.10(d)(1)–(2)	General reporting requirements	Yes.	
63.10(d)(3)	Reporting results of opacity or visible emissions observations.	No	
63.10(d)(4)	Progress report requirements	Yes.	
63.10(d)(5)	Startup, shutdown, and malfunction report requirements.	No	
63.10(e)	Additional CMS reporting requirements ..	Yes.	
63.10(f)	Waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements..	Yes.	
63.11	Control device and equipment leak work practice requirements.	Yes.	
63.13	Addresses of State air pollution control agencies.	Yes.	
63.14	Incorporations by reference	Yes.	Subpart GGG specifies reporting requirements.
63.15	Availability of information and confidentiality.	Yes.	

[63 FR 50326, Sept. 21, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 52614, Aug. 29, 2000; 66 FR 40136, Aug. 2, 2001; 73 FR 78213, Dec. 22, 2008; 76 FR 22601, Apr. 21, 2011]

TABLE 2 TO SUBPART GGG OF PART 63—PARTIALLY SOLUBLE HAP

1,1,1–Trichloroethane (methyl chloroform)	Chloroform
1,1,1,2,2–Tetrachloroethane	Chloromethane
1,1,2–Trichloroethane	Chloroprene
1,1–Dichloroethylene (vinylidene chloride)	Cumene
1,2–Dibromoethane	Dichloroethyl ether
1,2–Dichloroethane (ethylene dichloride)	Dinitrophenol
1,2–Dichloropropane	Epichlorohydrin
1,3–Dichloropropene	Ethyl acrylate
2,4,5–Trichlorophenol	Ethylbenzene
2–Butanone (mek)	Ethylene oxide
1,4–Dichlorobenzene	Hexachlorobenzene
2–Nitropropane	Hexachlorobutadiene
4–Methyl–2–pentanone (MIBK)	Hexachloroethane
Acetaldehyde	Methyl methacrylate
Acrolein	Methyl–t–butyl ether
Acrylonitrile	Methylene chloride
Allyl chloride	N,N–dimethylaniline
Benzene	Propionaldehyde
Benzyl chloride	Propylene oxide
Biphenyl	Styrene
Bromoform (tribromomethane)	Tetrachloroethene (perchloroethylene)
Bromomethane	Tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride)
Butadiene	Toluene
Carbon disulfide	Trichlorobenzene (1,2,4–)
Chlorobenzene	Trichloroethylene
Chloroethane (ethyl chloride)	Trimethylpentane
Vinyl acetate	Xylene (p)
Vinyl chloride	N–hexane
Xylene (m).	
Xylene (o).	

[66 FR 40136, Aug. 2, 2001]

**TABLE 3 TO SUBPART GGG OF PART 63—
SOLUBLE HAP**

Compound	Compound
1,1–Dimethylhydrazine.	Acetophenone.
1,4–Dioxane.	Diethyl sulfate.
Acetonitrile.	Dimethyl sulfate.
	Dinitrotoluene.
	Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether.
	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate.
	Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate.

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Compound	Compound
Isophorone. Methanol (methyl alcohol). Nitrobenzene.	Toluidene. Triethylamine.

[66 FR 40137, Aug. 2, 2001]

TABLE 4 TO SUBPART GGG OF PART 63—MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROL DEVICES ^A

Control device	Monitoring equipment required	Parameters to be monitored	Frequency
All control devices	1. Flow indicator installed at all bypass lines to the atmosphere and equipped with continuous recorder <i>or</i> . 2. Valves sealed closed with car-seal or lock-and-key configuration.	1. Presence of flow diverted from the control device to the atmosphere <i>or</i> . 2. Monthly inspections of sealed valves.	Hourly records of whether the flow indicator was operating and whether a diversion was detected at any time during each hour. Monthly.
Scrubber	Liquid flow rate or pressure drop mounting device. Also a pH monitor if the scrubber is used to control acid emissions.	1. Liquid flow rate into or out of the scrubber or the pressure drop across the scrubber. 2. pH of effluent scrubber liquid.	1. Every 15 minutes. 2. Once a day.
Thermal incinerator	Temperature monitoring device installed in firebox or in ductwork immediately downstream of firebox ^b .	Firebox temperature	Every 15 minutes.
Catalytic incinerator	Temperature monitoring device installed in gas stream immediately before and after catalyst bed.	Temperature difference across catalyst bed.	Every 15 minutes.
Flare	Heat sensing device installed at the pilot light.	Presence of a flame at the pilot light.	Every 15 minutes.
Boiler or process heater <44 mega watts and vent stream is not mixed with the primary fuel.	Temperature monitoring device installed in firebox ^b .	Combustion temperature	Every 15 minutes.
Condenser	Temperature monitoring device installed at condenser exit.	Condenser exit (product side) temperature.	Every 15 minutes.
Carbon adsorber (nonregenerative).	None	Operating time since last replacement.	N/A.
Carbon adsorber (regenerative).	Stream flow monitoring device, <i>and</i> . Carbon bed temperature monitoring device.	1. Total regeneration stream mass or volumetric flow during carbon bed regeneration cycle(s). 2. Temperature of carbon bed after regeneration. 3. Temperature of carbon bed within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s). 4. Operating time since end of last regeneration. 5. Check for bed poisoning	1. For each regeneration cycle, record the total regeneration stream mass or volumetric flow. 2. For each regeneration cycle, record the maximum carbon bed-temperature. 3. Within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle, record the carbon bed temperature. 4. Operating time to be based on worst-case conditions. 5. Yearly.

^A As an alternative to the monitoring requirements specified in this table, the owner or operator may use a CEM meeting the requirements of Performance Specifications 8 or 9 of appendix B of part 60 to monitor TOC every 15 minutes.

^B Monitor may be installed in the firebox or in the ductwork immediately downstream of the firebox before any substantial heat exchange is encountered.

TABLE 5 TO SUBPART GGG OF PART 63—CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT THAT MEET THE CRITERIA OF § 63.1252(f)

Item of equipment	Control requirement ^a
Drain or drain hub	(a) Tightly fitting solid cover (TFSC); or